

Realizability

Lecture 4: Arithmetic and Analysis

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Plan

- Lecture 1: Kleene (number) realizability
- Lecture 2: Kreisel modified realizability
- Lecture 3: General structure of realizability
- **Lecture 4: Realizability of arithmetic and analysis**

Lecture 4: Arithmetic and Analysis

- Classical logic and negative translations
- Friedman's A-translation
- Classical realizability
- Peano arithmetic
- Comprehension and classical analysis

Classical Logic

Intuitionistic Logic

$$\neg A \equiv A \rightarrow \perp$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \quad \Gamma \vdash B}{\Gamma \vdash A \wedge B} (\wedge I)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, A \vdash B}{\Gamma \vdash A \rightarrow B} (\rightarrow I)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A_i}{\Gamma \vdash A_1 \vee A_2} (\vee E)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A_1 \wedge A_2}{\Gamma \vdash A_i} (\wedge E)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \quad \Gamma \vdash A \rightarrow B}{\Gamma \vdash B} (\rightarrow E)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \vee B \quad \Gamma, A \vdash C \quad \Gamma, B \vdash C}{\Gamma \vdash C} (\vee E)$$

$$\frac{}{\Gamma, A \vdash A} (Ax)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A(x)}{\Gamma \vdash \forall x A(x)} (\forall I)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A(t)}{\Gamma \vdash \exists x A(x)} (\exists I)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \perp}{\Gamma \vdash A} (EFQ)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \forall x A(x)}{\Gamma \vdash A(t)} (\forall E)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \exists x A(x) \quad \Gamma, A(x) \vdash B}{\Gamma \vdash B} (\exists E)$$

Classical Logic = IL + DNE

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \neg\neg A}{\Gamma \vdash A} \text{ (DNE)}$$

Exercise: Complete this proof

Proof by contradiction

$$\frac{\Gamma, \neg A \vdash \perp}{\Gamma \vdash \neg\neg A} \text{ (}\rightarrow\text{I)}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \neg\neg A}{\Gamma \vdash A} \text{ (DNE)}$$

Excluded middle

$$\frac{\dots \quad \dots}{\neg(A \vee \neg A) \vdash \neg A \quad \neg(A \vee \neg A) \vdash \neg\neg A} \text{ (}\rightarrow\text{E)}$$

$$\frac{\neg(A \vee \neg A) \vdash \perp}{\vdash \neg\neg(A \vee \neg A)} \text{ (}\rightarrow\text{I)}$$

$$\frac{\vdash \neg\neg(A \vee \neg A)}{\vdash A \vee \neg A} \text{ (DNE)}$$

Peano Arithmetic

Peano Arithmetic in all finite types PA^ω

Terms: The terms of Gödel's system T

Atomic formulas: Equality between numbers: $s = t$

Axioms for equality relation and system T terms

Quantifiers for each finite type $\forall x^\tau A$ and $\exists x^\tau A$

Axiom schema for induction for extended language:

$$A(0) \wedge \forall n(A(n) \rightarrow A(n+1)) \rightarrow \forall nA(n) \quad (\text{IND})$$

Negative Translations

Negative Translations

$$P^N \equiv P$$

$$(A \wedge B)^N \equiv A^N \wedge B^N$$

$$(A \vee B)^N \equiv A^N \vee B^N$$

$$(A \rightarrow B)^N \equiv A^N \rightarrow B^N$$

$$(\forall x A)^N \equiv \forall x \neg \neg A^N$$

$$(\exists x A)^N \equiv \exists x A^N$$

Main Result.

$$\Gamma \vdash_{\text{CL}} A \Rightarrow \Gamma^N \vdash_{\text{IL}} \neg \neg A^N$$

Proof. Induction on the classical proof $\Gamma \vdash A$. Main task is to show that DNE is provable for A^N .

Friedman's *A*-translation

Friedman's A-Translation

$$\perp^A \equiv A$$

$$P^A \equiv P \vee A$$

$$(B \wedge C)^A \equiv B^A \wedge C^A$$

$$(B \vee C)^A \equiv B^A \vee C^A$$

$$(B \rightarrow C)^A \equiv B^A \rightarrow C^A$$

$$(\forall x B)^A \equiv \forall x B^A$$

$$(\exists x B)^A \equiv \exists x B^A$$

Main Lemma.

If $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{IL}} B$ then $\Gamma^A \vdash_{\text{IL}} B^A$

Π_2 -Conservation Result.

$\vdash_{\text{CL}} \forall x \exists y P(x, y) \Rightarrow \vdash_{\text{IL}} \forall x \exists y P(x, y)$

Proof. Negative translation followed by A-translation for $A \equiv \exists y P(x, y)$

Classical Realizability

Modified Realizability

$$\langle \rangle \text{ mr } \perp \equiv \perp$$

$$\langle \rangle \text{ mr } s = t \equiv s = t$$

$$\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y} \text{ mr } A \wedge B \equiv (\mathbf{x} \text{ mr } A) \wedge (\mathbf{y} \text{ mr } B)$$

$$n, \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y} \text{ mr } A \vee B \equiv (n = 0 \rightarrow \mathbf{x} \text{ mr } A) \wedge (n \neq 0 \rightarrow \mathbf{y} \text{ mr } B)$$

$$\mathbf{f} \text{ mr } A \rightarrow B \equiv \forall \mathbf{x} (\mathbf{x} \text{ mr } A \rightarrow \mathbf{f}\mathbf{x} \text{ mr } B)$$

$$\mathbf{f} \text{ mr } \forall z^\tau A \equiv \forall z^\tau (\mathbf{f}z \text{ mr } A)$$

$$a, \mathbf{x} \text{ mr } \exists z^\tau A \equiv \mathbf{x} \text{ mr } A[a/z]$$

Classical Modified Realizability

$$n \text{ mr } \perp \equiv P(n, \mathbf{m})$$

Fix $\exists n P(n, \mathbf{m})$

$$\langle \rangle \text{ mr } s = t \equiv s = t$$

$$\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y} \text{ mr } A \wedge B \equiv (\mathbf{x} \text{ mr } A) \wedge (\mathbf{y} \text{ mr } B)$$

$$n, \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y} \text{ mr } A \vee B \equiv (n = 0 \rightarrow \mathbf{x} \text{ mr } A) \wedge (n \neq 0 \rightarrow \mathbf{y} \text{ mr } B)$$

$$\mathbf{f} \text{ mr } A \rightarrow B \equiv \forall \mathbf{x} (\mathbf{x} \text{ mr } A \rightarrow \mathbf{fx} \text{ mr } B)$$

$$\mathbf{f} \text{ mr } \forall z^\tau A \equiv \forall z^\tau (\mathbf{fz} \text{ mr } A)$$

$$a, \mathbf{x} \text{ mr } \exists z^\tau A \equiv \mathbf{x} \text{ mr } A[a/z]$$

Classical Modified Realizability

Main Result. For some term $t \in T$

$$\vdash_{\text{PA}^\omega} \forall \mathbf{m} \exists n P(n, \mathbf{m}) \Rightarrow \vdash_{\text{HA}^\omega} \forall \mathbf{m} P(t\mathbf{m}, \mathbf{m})$$

Proof. Assume

$$\vdash_{\text{PA}^\omega} \forall \mathbf{m} \exists n P(n, \mathbf{m})$$

By negative translation

$$\vdash_{\text{HA}^\omega} \forall \mathbf{m} ((\exists n P(n, \mathbf{m}) \rightarrow \perp) \rightarrow \perp)$$

By the classical modified realizability we have a term t'

$$\vdash_{\text{HA}^\omega} \forall \mathbf{m}, f(\forall n (P(n, \mathbf{m}) \rightarrow P(fn, \mathbf{m})) \rightarrow P(t'\mathbf{m}, \mathbf{m}))$$

Classical Analysis

Analysis

Comprehension (CA). $\exists f^{\mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}} \forall n (fn = 0 \leftrightarrow A(n))$

Countable choice (AC₀). $\forall n^{\mathbb{N}} \exists x^{\rho} A(n, x) \rightarrow \exists f^{\mathbb{N} \rightarrow \rho} \forall n A(n, fn)$

Lemma. $\mathbf{AC}_0 \vdash_{\mathbf{PA}^\omega} \mathbf{CA}$

Proof. Apply \mathbf{AC}_0 to **LEM**: $\forall n \exists k (k = 0 \leftrightarrow A)$

Double Negation Shift

Countable choice (AC₀). $\forall n^{\mathbb{N}} \exists x^{\rho} A(n, x) \rightarrow \exists f^{\mathbb{N} \rightarrow \rho} \forall n A(n, fn)$

Double Negation Shift (DNS). $\forall n^{\mathbb{N}} \neg \neg A(n) \rightarrow \neg \neg \forall n A(n)$

Lemma. $\mathbf{AC}_0 + \mathbf{DNS} \vdash_{\mathbf{HA}^{\omega}} (\mathbf{AC}_0)^{\mathbb{N}}$

Lemma. $\mathbf{PA}^{\omega} + \mathbf{CA}$ has a negative translation into $\mathbf{HA}^{\omega} + \mathbf{AC}_0 + \mathbf{DNS}$

Realizability of DNS

Double Negation Shift (DNS). $\forall k^{\mathbb{N}} \neg \neg A(k) \rightarrow \neg \neg \forall k A(k)$

Assume $\exists n P(n, \mathbf{m})$ fixed. We have $\text{efq } \mathbf{mr} \perp \rightarrow A(k)$

Given realisers

$$\phi_k \mathbf{mr} (A(k) \rightarrow \perp) \rightarrow \perp$$

$$q \mathbf{mr} (\forall k^{\mathbb{N}} A(k) \rightarrow \perp) \rightarrow \perp$$

find a realiser for \perp (i.e. $\exists n P(n, \mathbf{m})$) via a *bar recursive* definition

$$\Phi(\phi, q)(s) =_{\mathbb{N}} q(\lambda k^{\mathbb{N}} . \text{efq}(\phi_k(\lambda x^{A(k)} . \Phi(\phi, q)(s @ (k, x))))))$$